



Makita Corporation

Consolidated Financial Results
for the six months
ended September 30, 2009
(U.S. GAAP Financial Information)

(English translation of "KESSAN TANSHIN"
originally issued in Japanese)



CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL RESULTS FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

October 30, 2009

Makita Corporation

Stock code: 6586

URL: <http://www.makita.co.jp/>

Masahiko Goto, President & CEO

1. Operating results of the six months ended September 30, 2009 (From April 1, 2009 to September 30, 2009)

(1) CONSOLIDATED OPERATING RESULTS

	Yen (millions)			
	For the six months ended September 30, 2008		For the six months ended September 30, 2009	
		%		%
Net sales.....	175,558	3.6	118,681	(32.4)
Operating income	36,047	6.3	14,866	(58.8)
Income before income taxes	34,710	0.2	17,271	(50.2)
Net income attributable to Makita Corporation	24,851	5.3	10,622	(57.3)
Earning per share (Basic)				
Net income attributable to				
Makita Corporation common shareholders.....	175.60		77.10	

Notes:

- Amounts of less than one million yen have been rounded.
- The table above shows the changes in the percentage ratio of net sales, operating income, income before income taxes, and net income attributable to Makita Corporation against the corresponding period of the previous year.
- Certain reclassifications have been made to the previous years' consolidated financial statements to conform with the presentation used for the six months ended September 30, 2009. The meaning of "Net income attributable to Makita Corporation" is the same as the former "Net income".

(2) CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL POSITION

	Yen (millions)	
	As of March 31, 2009	As of September 30, 2009
Total assets.....	336,644	335,361
Shareholders' equity.....	283,485	285,830
Shareholders' equity ratio to total assets (%)	84.2%	85.2%
Shareholders' equity per share		
	2,057.76	2,074.81

Note: The meaning of "Shareholders' equity" is the same as the "Total Makita Corporation shareholders' equity".

2. Dividend Information

	Yen	
	For the year ended March 31, 2009	For the year ending March 31, 2010 (forecast)
Cash dividend per share:		
Interim.....	30.00	15.00
Year-end	50.00	(Note)
Total	80.00	(Note)

Notes:

- The forecast for cash dividend announced on April 28, 2009 has not been revised.
- While the Company has set forth under the Articles of Corporation of the Company that the record date for the payment of dividend shall be the last day of a relevant period, at the present time, the projected amount of dividends as of the said record date has not been determined yet.
For further details, refer to "Explanation regarding proper use of business forecasts, and other significant matters" on page 2.



3. Consolidated Financial Forecast for the year ending March 31, 2010 (From April 1, 2009 to March 31, 2010)

	Yen (millions)	
	For the year ending March 31, 2010	
		%
Net sales.....	230,000	(21.8)
Operating income	26,000	(48.1)
Income before income taxes	28,000	(37.0)
Net income attributable to Makita Corporation.....	16,700	(49.8)
Earning per share (Basic)	Yen	
Net income attributable to Makita Corporation common shareholders.....	121.22	

Note:

1. The consolidated financial forecast announced on October 27, 2009 for the year ending March 31, 2010 has not been revised.
2. The meaning of "Net income attributable to Makita Corporation" is the same as the former "Net income".

4. Other

- (1) Changes in important subsidiaries during the period (Changes in specific subsidiaries accompanied by changes in scope of consolidation): None
- (2) Adoption of simplified accounting methods and accounting methods that are specific to the preparation of quarterly consolidated financial statements:
Note: Refer to [Qualitative Information and Financial Statements] section 4 "Other" on page 4.
- (3) Changes in principles, procedures and representation of the accounting policies concerning quarterly consolidated financial statements preparation:
Note: Refer to [Qualitative Information and Financial Statements] section 4 "Other" on page 4.
- (4) Number of shares outstanding (common stock)
 1. Number of shares issued (including treasury stock):

As of September 30, 2009:	140,008,760
As of March 31, 2009:	140,008,760
 2. Number of treasury stock:

As of September 30, 2009:	2,246,906
As of March 31, 2009:	2,244,755
 3. Average number of shares outstanding:

For the six months ended September 30, 2009:	137,762,814
For the six months ended September 30, 2008:	141,521,162

Explanation regarding proper use of business forecasts, and other significant matters

1. The consolidated financial forecast for the year ending March 31, 2010 has not been revised.
The financial forecasts given above are based on information as available at the present time, and include potential risks and uncertainties. As a consequence of the factors above and other, actual results may vary from the forecasts provided above.
2. Makita's basic policy on the distribution of profits is to maintain a consolidated dividend payout ratio of 30% or greater, with a lower limit on annual cash dividends of 18 yen per share. However, in the event special circumstances arise, computation of the amount of dividends will be based on consolidated net income attributable to Makita Corporation after certain adjustments.
The Board of Directors plans to meet in April 2010 for a report on earnings for the year ending March 31, 2010. At the time, in accordance with the basic policy regarding profit distribution mentioned above, the Board of Directors plans to propose a dividend equivalent to at least 30% of net income attributable to Makita Corporation. The Board of Directors will submit this proposal to the General Meeting of Shareholders scheduled for June 2010.
The consolidated dividend payout ratio is calculated as annual dividends per share divided by consolidated net income attributable to Makita Corporation per share (after adjustments for special circumstances) and multiplied by 100.



[Qualitative Information and Financial Statements]

1. Qualitative Information on Consolidated Operating Results

During the six months (“period”) ended September 30, 2009, the housing markets slowed down in Western Europe. Capital expenditures and individual consumption decreased due to the shrinkage of economic activity in Eastern Europe and Russia. In North America, stimulus packages and other measures resulted in improvement in individual consumption and corporate production. Nevertheless, economic conditions remained severe with the recovery of business confidence being hindered by a sense of excess capacity among corporations. In Asia, economies showed a moderate recovery trend: the Chinese economy recovered and exports and individual consumption in Southeast Asia improved. In Japan, the government’s stimulus package spurred production in some industries, but general economic conditions remained severe as evidenced from a high unemployment rate and shrinking public investment.

In the power tools market, some emerging countries showed signs of recovery due to active public investment and resource development. However, developed countries such as Japan, Europe and the United States continued to suffer a slump in demand with housing starts remaining at low levels and competition becoming even fiercer.

Under these circumstances, Makita directed our development efforts toward introducing smaller and lighter tools. At the same time, we strove to enhance our existing products. For example, we incorporated our proprietary low-vibration technology, which had originally been used for large drilling tools for stone and very well received, into our medium and small drilling tools. In production side, we curtailed production volume at each factory in order to improve inventory level. We also exerted efforts toward establishing a global production system of the group in order to quickly and flexibly respond to rapid changes in demand. In sales side, Makita strove to expand sales of our gardening tools, such as ones incorporating the environmentally friendly compact four-stroke engine. We also stepped up efforts to maintain and improve the quality of our sales and services based on direct communication with customers, which remains one of our group’s fortes.

With the aim of promoting the development and expansion of engine-powered gardening tools, Makita established Tokyo Technical Center in Tachikawa, Tokyo on October 1, 2009. The Center will conduct R&D for improving environmental performance, which is the major challenge facing the two-stroke engine.

Consolidated net sales for the period decreased by 32.4% to 118,681 million yen from the same period of the previous year, mainly due to the decrease in demand for power tools in the face of the worldwide slowdown in economic growth and the unfavorable impact of the stronger yen against other currencies. Incomes were affected by the decline in the rate of operation of our production site. This decline resulted from the production volume reduction carried out in response to the decrease in demand and in order to improve inventory level. As a result, the ratio of cost of sales increased. Our selling, general, administrative and other expenses decreased by only 18.9% compared with the same period of the previous year despite our group-wide cost reduction efforts. As a result, operating income decreased by 58.8% to 14,866 million yen (operating income ratio: 12.5%). Income before income taxes decreased by 50.2% from the same period of the previous year to 17,271 million yen (income before income taxes ratio: 14.6%). Net income attributable to Makita Corporation decreased by 57.3% to 10,622 million yen (net income attributable to Makita Corporation ratio: 9.0%).

Net sales by geographic area were as follows:

Net sales in Japan decreased by 14.6% from the same period of the previous year to 20,831 million yen, affected by the housing market remaining sluggish. Sales in gardening tools were robust but insufficient to compensate for the decreased demand for power tools.

In Europe, net sales decreased by 37.9% from the same period of the previous year to 51,652 million yen. Construction demand declined in Western Europe. Demand for power tools also decreased due to the slowdown of the Russian economy and the financial recession in Eastern Europe.

Net sales in North America decreased by 31.1% to 17,789 million yen. This decrease resulted mainly from the continuing weakness in inventory investment by sales agents caused by the sluggish U.S. housing market and the financial recession.

Net sales in Asia decreased by 34.5% from the same period of the previous year to 8,620 million yen. Construction demand improved but not to the extent required to substantially compensate for the decrease in demand for power tools.

Net sales in Central and South America and Oceania were sluggish mainly due to the appreciation of the yen against local currencies from the same period of the previous year, although demand on a local currency basis was robust in Brazil and Australia, the hubs of the regional economies. Net sales in Central and South America decreased by 30.1%



from the same period of the previous year to 7,398 million yen. Net sales in Oceania decreased by 23.2% from the same period of the previous year to 6,533 million yen. Net Sales in the Middle East and Africa decreased by 41.2% to 5,858 million yen from the same period of the previous year, due to a decline in construction demand.

2. Qualitative Information on Consolidated Financial Position

The total assets as of September 30, 2009 decreased by 1,283 million yen to 335,361 million yen compared with that as of March 31, 2009. The principal factor causing this decline was the decrease in inventories resulting from production volume adjustment partly set off by the increase in cash and other financial assets.

The total liabilities as of September 30, 2009 decreased by 3,606 million yen to 47,292 million yen, compared with that as of March 31, 2009. This decrease was mainly due to the decline in trade notes and accounts payable from production volume adjustment.

Total equity as of September 30, 2009 increased by 2,323 million yen to 288,069 million yen, compared with that as of March 31, 2009. The reason for this increase is that the increase in retained earnings exceeded the increase in other comprehensive losses.

3. Qualitative Information on Consolidated Financial Forecast

Refer to [Revision of Forecasts for Performance] announced on October 27, 2009.

4. Other

(1) Changes in important subsidiaries during the period (Changes in specific subsidiaries accompanied by changes in scope of consolidation): None

(2) Adoption of simplified accounting methods and accounting methods that are specific to the preparation of quarterly consolidated financial statements:

With regard to the income tax expenses, the Company computes interim income tax expense by multiplying reasonably estimated annual effective tax rate, which includes the effects of deferred taxes, by year-to-date income before income taxes for the reporting period.

(3) Changes in principle, procedure and representation of the accounting policies concerning quarterly consolidated financial statements preparation:

Starting with this fiscal year, the Company has adopted Financial Accounting Standards Board (“FASB”) Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) 810, “Consolidation” (former Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (“SFAS”) No.160, “Noncontrolling Interests in Consolidated Financial Statements, an amendment of ARB No.51”). This statement establishes new accounting and reporting standards for the noncontrolling interest in a subsidiary and for the deconsolidation of a subsidiary. Specifically, this statement requires the recognition of noncontrolling interests (minority interests) as equity in the consolidated financial statements. The amount of net income attributable to noncontrolling interests will be included in consolidated net income on the face of the consolidated income statement.

This statement also establishes disclosure requirements that clearly identify and distinguish between the interests of the parent and the interests of the noncontrolling owners. The adoption did not give rise to any material effect on the Company’s consolidated results of operations and financial condition. These financial statements presentation requirements have been adopted retrospectively and previous year amounts in the consolidated financial statements have been reclassified or adjusted to conform to this statement.



5. Consolidated Financial Statements

(1) Consolidated Balance Sheets

	Yen (millions)			
	As of March 31, 2009		As of September 30, 2009	
		Composition ratio		Composition ratio
ASSETS				
CURRENT ASSETS:				
Cash and cash equivalents.....	34,215		41,948	
Time deposits.....	2,623		5,351	
Marketable securities.....	29,470		34,101	
Trade receivables-				
Notes.....	2,611		2,420	
Accounts.....	43,078		43,825	
Less- Allowance for doubtful receivables.....	(1,129)		(1,097)	
Inventories.....	111,002		95,299	
Deferred income taxes.....	7,264		6,226	
Prepaid expenses and other current assets.....	11,269		8,574	
Total current assets.....	<u>240,403</u>	71.4%	<u>236,647</u>	70.6%
PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT, at cost:				
Land.....	18,173		18,433	
Buildings and improvements.....	65,223		67,111	
Machinery and equipment.....	74,458		74,480	
Construction in progress.....	4,516		4,763	
	162,370		164,787	
Less- Accumulated depreciation.....	<u>(89,674)</u>		<u>(91,130)</u>	
Total net property, plant and equipment.....	<u>72,696</u>	21.6%	<u>73,657</u>	22.0%
INVESTMENTS AND OTHER ASSETS:				
Investment securities.....	11,290		12,783	
Goodwill.....	1,987		1,980	
Other intangible assets, net.....	2,280		4,814	
Deferred income taxes.....	5,050		3,763	
Other assets.....	2,938		1,717	
Total investments and other assets.....	<u>23,545</u>	7.0%	<u>25,057</u>	7.4%
Total assets.....	<u>336,644</u>	<u>100.0%</u>	<u>335,361</u>	<u>100.0%</u>



	Yen (millions)			
	As of March 31, 2009		As of September 30, 2009	
		Composition ratio		Composition ratio
LIABILITIES				
CURRENT LIABILITIES:				
Short-term borrowings	239		628	
Trade notes and accounts payable	14,820		12,519	
Other payables	4,397		4,517	
Accrued expenses.....	5,642		4,741	
Accrued payroll.....	7,361		7,408	
Income taxes payable.....	2,772		1,621	
Deferred income taxes	50		82	
Other current liabilities	5,536		5,063	
Total current liabilities.....	<u>40,817</u>	12.1%	<u>36,579</u>	10.9%
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES:				
Long-term indebtedness.....	818		566	
Accrued retirement and termination benefits	7,116		6,294	
Deferred income taxes	548		853	
Other liabilities	1,599		3,000	
Total long-term liabilities.....	<u>10,081</u>	3.0%	<u>10,713</u>	3.2%
Total liabilities	<u>50,898</u>	15.1%	<u>47,292</u>	14.1%
EQUITY				
MAKITA CORPORATION SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY:				
Common stock.....	23,805		23,805	
Additional paid-in capital	45,420		45,420	
Legal reserve.....	5,669		5,669	
Retained earnings.....	257,487		261,221	
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	(42,461)		(43,845)	
Treasury stock, at cost.....	(6,435)		(6,440)	
Total Makita Corporation shareholders' equity.....	<u>283,485</u>	84.2%	<u>285,830</u>	85.2%
NONCONTROLLING INTEREST.....	2,261	0.7%	2,239	0.7%
Total equity	<u>285,746</u>	84.9%	<u>288,069</u>	85.9%
Total liabilities and equity.....	<u>336,644</u>	100.0%	<u>335,361</u>	100.0%
Number of Shares				
	As of March 31, 2009		As of September 30, 2009	
Total number of shares authorized	496,000,000		496,000,000	
Number of shares issued.....	140,008,760		140,008,760	
Number of shares issued (excluding treasury stock)	137,764,005		137,761,854	
Number of treasury stock	2,244,755		2,246,906	



(2) Consolidated Statements of Income

	Yen (millions)			
	For the six months ended September 30, 2008		For the six months ended September 30, 2009	
	Composition ratio		Composition ratio	
NET SALES	175,558	100.0%	118,681	100.0%
Cost of sales	100,824	57.4%	72,454	61.0%
GROSS PROFIT.....	74,734	42.6%	46,227	39.0%
Selling, general, administrative and other expenses.....	38,687	22.1%	31,361	26.5%
OPERATING INCOME	36,047	20.5%	14,866	12.5%
OTHER INCOME (EXPENSES):				
Interest and dividend income	954		356	
Interest expense.....	(169)		(48)	
Exchange gains (losses) on foreign currency transactions, net	(1,462)		1,946	
Realized gains (losses) on securities, net	(660)		151	
Total	(1,337)	(0.7)%	2,405	2.1%
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES	34,710	19.8%	17,271	14.6%
PROVISION FOR INCOME TAXES:				
Current.....	7,686		4,964	
Deferred.....	1,916		1,544	
Total	9,602	5.5%	6,508	5.5%
NET INCOME.....	25,108	14.3%	10,763	9.1%
Less: Net income attributable to the noncontrolling interest	(257)	(0.1)%	(141)	(0.1)%
NET INCOME ATTRIBUTABLE TO MAKITA CORPORATION	24,851	14.2%	10,622	9.0%



(3) Consolidated Statements of Shareholders' Equity

For the six months ended September 30, 2008									
	Total equity	Makita Corporation shareholders' equity						Noncontrolling interest	
		Common stock	Additional paid-in capital	Legal reserve	Retained earnings	Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	Treasury stock		
Yen (millions)									
Beginning balance	319,014	316,498	23,805	45,753	5,669	249,191	(7,657)	(263)	2,516
Comprehensive income									
Net income	25,108	24,851				24,851			257
Foreign currency translation adjustment	(2,245)	(2,098)					(2,098)		(147)
Unrealized holding gains (losses) on available-for-sale securities	(1,147)	(1,147)					(1,147)		
Pension liability adjustment	(6)	(6)					(6)		
Comprehensive income	21,710	21,600	-	-	-	24,851	(3,251)	-	110
Cash dividends	(9,867)	(9,632)				(9,632)			(235)
Purchases and disposal of treasury stock	(11,947)	(11,947)		(1)				(11,946)	
Ending balance	318,910	316,519	23,805	45,752	5,669	264,410	(10,908)	(12,209)	2,391

For the six months ended September 30, 2009									
	Total equity	Makita Corporation shareholders' equity						Noncontrolling interest	
		Common stock	Additional paid-in capital	Legal reserve	Retained earnings	Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	Treasury stock		
Yen (millions)									
Beginning balance	285,746	283,485	23,805	45,420	5,669	257,487	(42,461)	(6,435)	2,261
Comprehensive income									
Net income	10,763	10,622				10,622			141
Foreign currency translation adjustment	(3,103)	(3,137)					(3,137)		34
Unrealized holding gains (losses) on available-for-sale securities	1,762	1,762					1,762		
Pension liability adjustment	(9)	(9)					(9)		
Comprehensive income	9,413	9,238	-	-	-	10,622	(1,384)	-	175
Cash dividends	(7,085)	(6,888)				(6,888)			(197)
Purchases and disposal of treasury stock	(5)	(5)						(5)	
Ending balance	288,069	285,830	23,805	45,420	5,669	261,221	(43,845)	(6,440)	2,239



(4) Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

	Yen (millions)	
	For the six months ended September 30, 2008	For the six months ended September 30, 2009
Net cash provided by operating activities	14,222	28,314
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	3,132	(10,976)
Net cash used in financing activities	(22,511)	(6,954)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	1,529	(2,651)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	(3,628)	7,733
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	46,306	34,215
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	42,678	41,948

(5) Notes on the preconditions for a going concern: None

(6) Condensed Operating Segment Information

	Yen (millions)							
	For the six months ended September 30, 2008							
	Japan	Europe	North America	Asia	Other	Total	Corporate and eliminations	Consolidated
Sales:								
(1) External customers	35,371	83,192	26,062	6,009	24,924	175,558	-	175,558
(2) Inter-segment	33,454	2,792	2,809	51,597	79	90,731	(90,731)	-
Total	68,825	85,984	28,871	57,606	25,003	266,289	(90,731)	175,558
Operating expenses	59,925	70,438	27,726	50,201	20,881	229,171	(89,660)	139,511
Operating income (loss)	8,900	15,546	1,145	7,405	4,122	37,118	(1,071)	36,047

	Yen (millions)							
	For the six months ended September 30, 2009							
	Japan	Europe	North America	Asia	Other	Total	Corporate and eliminations	Consolidated
Sales:								
(1) External customers	26,695	51,977	17,681	4,341	17,987	118,681	-	118,681
(2) Inter-segment	14,093	1,189	884	25,308	44	41,518	(41,518)	-
Total	40,788	53,166	18,565	29,649	18,031	160,199	(41,518)	118,681
Operating expenses	42,567	47,224	18,380	25,592	16,752	150,515	(46,700)	103,815
Operating income (loss)	(1,779)	5,942	185	4,057	1,279	9,684	5,182	14,866

(7) Note in case there is any significant change in the shareholders' equity: None



SUPPORT DOCUMENTATION (CONSOLIDATED)

1. Consolidated Financial Results and Forecast

	Yen (millions)					
	For the six months ended September 30, 2007		For the six months ended September 30, 2008		For the six months ended September 30, 2009	
		(%)		(%)		(%)
Net sales.....	169,537	28.5	175,558	3.6	118,681	(32.4)
Domestic	25,649	11.9	24,378	(5.0)	20,831	(14.6)
Overseas	143,888	32.1	151,180	5.1	97,850	(35.3)
Operating income	33,899	58.5	36,047	6.3	14,866	(58.8)
Income before income taxes	34,629	58.0	34,710	0.2	17,271	(50.2)
Net income attributable to Makita Corporation	23,596	53.3	24,851	5.3	10,622	(57.3)
Earning per share (Basic)						
Net income attributable to						
Makita Corporation common shareholders (Yen)	164.17		175.60		77.10	
Cash dividend per share (Yen)	30.00		30.00		15.00	
Dividend payout ratio (%)	18.3		17.1		19.5	
Employees	10,093		10,799		10,131	

	Yen (millions)			
	For the year ended March 31, 2009		For the year ending March 31, 2010 (Forecast)	
		(%)		(%)
Net sales.....	294,034	(14.2)	230,000	(21.8)
Domestic	46,222	(11.4)	40,000	(13.5)
Overseas	247,812	(14.7)	190,000	(23.3)
Operating income	50,075	(25.3)	26,000	(48.1)
Income before income taxes	44,443	(32.9)	28,000	(37.0)
Net income attributable to Makita Corporation	33,286	(27.7)	16,700	(49.8)
Earning per share (Basic)				
Net income attributable to Makita Corporation				
common shareholders (Yen)	236.88		121.22	
Cash dividend per share (Yen)	80.00		-	
Dividend payout ratio (%)	33.8		-	
Employees	10,412		-	

Note:

1. The table above shows the changes in the percentage ratio of Net sales, Operating income, Income before income taxes, and Net income attributable to Makita Corporation against the corresponding period of the previous year.
2. Certain reclassifications have been made to the previous years' consolidated financial statements to conform with the presentation used for the six months ended September 30, 2009. The meaning of "Net income attributable to Makita Corporation" is the same as the former "Net income".



2. Consolidated Net Sales by Geographic Area

	Yen (millions)					
	For the six months ended September 30, 2007		For the six months ended September 30, 2008		For the six months ended September 30, 2009	
		(%)		(%)		(%)
Japan	25,649	11.9	24,378	(5.0)	20,831	(14.6)
Europe	78,865	39.4	83,131	5.4	51,652	(37.9)
North America	28,942	18.1	25,836	(10.7)	17,789	(31.1)
Asia	11,021	12.7	13,163	19.4	8,620	(34.5)
Other regions	25,060	38.3	29,050	15.9	19,789	(31.9)
Central and South America	8,134	37.1	10,579	30.1	7,398	(30.1)
Oceania	8,276	38.3	8,507	2.8	6,533	(23.2)
The Middle East and Africa	8,650	39.4	9,964	15.2	5,858	(41.2)
Total	169,537	28.5	175,558	3.6	118,681	(32.4)

Note: The table above sets forth Makita's consolidated net sales by geographic area based on the customer's location for the periods presented. Accordingly, it differs from operating segment information on page 9. The table above shows the changes in the percentage ratio of Net sales the corresponding period of the previous year.

3. Exchange Rates

	Yen				
	For the six months ended September 30, 2007	For the six months ended September 30, 2008	For the six months ended September 30, 2009	For the six months ending March 31, 2010 (Forecast)	For the year ending March 31, 2010 (Forecast)
Yen/U.S. Dollar	119.40	106.12	95.53	90	93
Yen/Euro	162.33	162.80	133.21	130	132

4. Sales Growth in local currency basis (Major countries)

	For the six months ended September 30, 2009
	(%)
U.K.	(29.3)
Germany	(2.5)
France	(5.9)
Russia	(46.7)
U.S.A.	(23.7)
China	(16.1)
Brazil	(1.0)
Makita Gulf (UAE) *	(31.5)
Australia	1.4

*Including export sales for the Middle East and Africa.



5. Production Ratio (unit basis)

	For the six months ended September 30, 2007	For the six months ended September 30, 2008	For the six months ended September 30, 2009
	Composition ratio	Composition ratio	Composition ratio
Domestic.....	23.4%	20.2%	16.9%
Overseas	76.6%	79.8%	83.1%

6. Consolidated Capital Expenditures, Depreciation and Amortization, and R&D cost

	Yen (millions)			
	For the six months ended September 30, 2007	For the six months ended September 30, 2008	For the six months ended September 30, 2009	For the year ending March 31, 2010 (Forecast)
Capital expenditures	7,161	9,827	6,702	13,000
Depreciation and amortization...	3,879	4,426	4,071	8,300
R&D cost.....	2,826	3,493	3,324	6,700